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| --- |
| QuestionID  :  11317         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q1. When you login the functions that you have declared automatically get loaded in the memory. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11322         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q2. The default value of OPTIND is 0. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11330         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q3. An argument to the option cannot begin with a minu sign. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11333         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q4. we can trap a signal such that on occurence of that signal a particular  shell script gets executed. |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11342         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q5. If value of exported variable is changed in a subshell the changed  value becomes available to the parent shell automatically |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11353         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q6. The shell performs command substitution before filename substitution |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11361         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q7. Whenever UNIX falls short of memory it starts utilizing swap space. |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11366         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q8. All device related files are present in /dev directory. |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11369         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q9. what would be the output of the following program:  name=Sanjay  surname=khare  echo{name=rahul}  echo{middlename+Rahul}  echo${surname-Arora} |
| 1.  Sanjay  Blank line  Khare |
| 2.  Khare  Blank line  sanjay |
| 3.  error |
| 4.  none of the above |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : 2 |
| QuestionID  :  11379         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q10. What would be the output of the following?   name=Sanjay  surname=khare  echo${name-Rahul}  echo${middlename-Rahul}  echo${surname+Arora}  echo${newname+Arora} |
| 1.  Sanjay  Rahul  Arora  Blank line |
| 2.  Blank line  Sanjay  Arora  Rahul |
| 3.  error |
| 4.  now of the above |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : 2 |
| QuestionID  :  11402         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q11. How would you perform the following operations on the contents of a given file.  Replace one or more spaces following a fullstop or a comma with two spaces |
| 1.  1,$s/[.,][][]\*/[][]/g |
| 2.  1,$s,[.][,][][]\*/[][]/g |
| 3.  1,$s/[.,][]\*/[]/g |
| 4.  1,$s/[.,][][]+/[]/g |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : 3 |
| QuestionID  :  11403         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q12. Unix is a |
| 1.  single user single tasking |
| 2.  single user multi tasking |
| 3.  multi user multi tasking |
| 4.  none |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : 3 |
| QuestionID  :  11405         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q13. "g/^[[]tab]\*$/d" :command use to delete all the blank lines |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11411         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q14. To find the block size on your file system the command is |
| 1.  blksz |
| 2.  szblk |
| 3.  chksz |
| 4.  cmchk |
| **Correct Answer : 4** |
| Your Answer : 3 |
| QuestionID  :  11413         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q15. Which of the following is a popular terminal emulation software |
| 1.  VTERM |
| 2.  VT100 |
| 3.  COMIT |
| 4.  Perl |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : 2 |
| QuestionID  :  11414         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q16. Each entry in inode table is of size |
| 1.  64kb |
| 2.  32kb |
| 3.  32bytes |
| 4.  64bytes |
| **Correct Answer : 4** |
| Your Answer : 2 |
| QuestionID  :  11424         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q17. What is the output of following program segments?  n="ask me"  echo $n  echo "$n"  echo `$n` |
| 1.  ask me  ask me  $n |
| 2.  ask me  $n  ask me |
| 3.  ask me |
| 4.  $n |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : 3 |
| QuestionID  :  11425         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q18. Purpose of .exrc file is convinient way to customize the vi environment and like all  good things you shold put it to utmost use to improve your efficiency . |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11429         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q19. In a=1235  a is a numeric shell variable |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11430         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q20. Shell variables are case sensitive |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11431         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q21. Which commands in vi would you use to perform Block copy |
| 1.  :m co p |
| 2.  :m,n co p |
| 3.  both of above |
| 4.  none of these |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : 2 |
| QuestionID  :  11439         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q22. The command $man man would give help about the man command |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : F |
| QuestionID  :  11452         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q23. To change our existing password we can execute the file /etc/passwd |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11455         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q24. Any user having access to Unix automatically gets an access to all files  present in it |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11472         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q25. In command :1,.s/part/PART/g, g stands for global |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11473         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q26. A DOS formatted floppy can be used in UNIX and formatted floppy can be used in DOS |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : T |
| QuestionID  :  11478         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q27. Once a job is submitted for printing using lp command we have to take print out even if on second thoughts we realize that we should not have the printed the file |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11481         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q28. Once a job is submitted for printing using the lp command we have to remain logged in till our file gets printed |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11486         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q29. Only system admini strator can cancel your printing job |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11494         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q30. following is not a form of IPC |
| 1.  Semaphore |
| 2.  pipe |
| 3.  shared memory |
| 4.  buffering |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11498         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q31. To mount a 1.2Mb floppy disk the following command should be used;  #/etc/mount/dev/rfd096ds15 /mnt |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11505         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q32. What will be the output:  command:  at 6 pm wednesday next week  who  ctrl d  output:  At 6pm on wednesday of current week a list of users who have logged  in at that time would be dispalyed. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11510         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q33. what will be the output:  command:  at now +1 week < atfile  output:  NO output. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11515         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q34. The program contained in boot block,that loads kernal in to memory is called |
| 1.  Disk Bootstrap program |
| 2.  Master boot program |
| 3.  Shell program |
| 4.  None of the above |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11521         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q35. A file system can be install at any mount point other than /mnt |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11526         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q36. A single Unix file System can be split over multiple hard Disks |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11532         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q37. What will be the output  command:  batch < batchfile  output:  All commands in the file batch file would be executed at suitable time  under our control. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11533         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q38. Command to Extract the address field from a file which contains records having fields name:age:address:phone |
| 1.  cut -d -f3 file |
| 2.  cut -d":" file |
| 3.  cut -d":" -f3 file |
| 4.  not possible |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11536         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q39. The message of the day is stored in a file called |
| 1.  /etc/profile |
| 2.  /etc/motd |
| 3.  .profile |
| 4.  autoexec.bat |
| **Correct Answer : 2** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11547         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q40. .mailrc is the file |
| 1.  which stores the incoming mail |
| 2.  which is used to type the mail to be sent |
| 3.  which is invoked when the mail command is executed |
| 4.  which permits you customize the vi environment |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11555         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q41. Write command is same as mail command. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11562         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q42. i=4 z=12  [$i=5 -a $z - gt5]  echo $? |
| 1.  1 |
| 2.  0 |
| 3.  none |
| 4.  error |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11570         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q43. Command for search all lines in a file which do not ends with a semicolon |
| 1.  grep -v ";" filename |
| 2.  grep -v ";$" filename |
| 3.  grep ";$" filename |
| 4.  grep -x ";$" filename |
| **Correct Answer : 2** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11586         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q44. The command cal j 1997 would gives the output as the |
| 1.  The calender of jan,june& july 1997 |
| 2.  Only calender of jan 1997 |
| 3.  An Error |
| 4.  none |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11595         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q45. To see the last access time of various in a file system the command is |
| 1.  ls –lu |
| 2.  ls -l |
| 3.  ls -acc |
| 4.  ls -mt |
| **Correct Answer : 1** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11600         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q46. A file can have links across file system. |
| **Correct Answer : F** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11601         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q47. To ascertain what are the contents of files in your system the best way would be |
| 1.  Do a cat command on each file and find the content |
| 2.  Use the command cat \* |
| 3.  Use the command file \* |
| 4.  none |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11608         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q48. To change the access time of a file to 12:40 PM on 26 th Jan 1997 the command would be |
| 1.  touch -a 2601971240 file |
| 2.  touch -a 1240260197 file |
| 3.  touch -a 0126124097 file |
| 4.  touch -a 9701261240 file |
| **Correct Answer : 3** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11613         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q49. In scheduling using "batch" command the system decides the best  time for executing our command.Moreover the time at which our  command will be executed is not in our control. |
| **Correct Answer : T** |
| Your Answer : |
| QuestionID  :  11621         Subject Name  Linux |
| Q50. The daemon process can be killed using the kill command |
| **Correct Answer : F** |